Roofspec **Viking**Taking care of detail

Weathered Membrane Cleaner Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Weathered Membrane Cleaner

Other namesNone assignedProduct codeSTP001HSNO approvalHSR002528

Approval description Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

UN number 1263 DG class 3

Proper Shipping Name PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Packaging group II
Hazchem code 3YE
Uses cleaner

Company Details

Company Viking Roofspec

Physical Address 80 Alexander Crescent PO Box 14 451
Otara Panmure
Auckland Auckland New Zealand
New Zealand
PO Box 14 451
Panmure
Auckland 1741
New Zealand

Telephone New Zealand 729 799 Fax 0800 729 788

Website www.vikingroofspec.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766

2. Hazard Identification

NZ Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002528, Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes

Flammable liquid category 2 Aspiration category 1

STOT* repeated exposure category 2 STOT* single exposure category 3 Chronic aquatic category 2

*STOT - System target organ toxicity

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SYMBOLS

DANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.



Precautionary Statements

Prevention P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray*. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye/face protection.

Response P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Component | CAS/ Identification | Conc (%) |
|--|---------------------|----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic | 64742-89-8 | 10-30% |
| ingredients not contributing to HSNO classes | mixture | balance |

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. If vomiting occurs, place victim

face downwards, with the head turned to the side and lower than the hips to prevent

vomit entering the lungs. Contact a doctor immediately.

Eye contact If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact Flush immediately with water. Remove all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs:

Get medical advice/ attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Vapours may form an explosive mixture in air which can be ignited by many sources such

as pilot lights, open flames, electrical motors, switches and static electricity.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

Page 2 of 7 May 2023



and eye protection.

Hazchem code:

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

3YE

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers,

or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Location compliance certificates must be available if storing >100L

(containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use). Containers (and outer packaging)

must bear the prescribed labelling, including the Hazchem code, UN number,

flammability warning and name of contents.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL

Exposure Stds White spirits 100ppm, 525mg/m³

Engineering Controls

Disposal

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of

exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and

where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it

always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely. Select eye protection in

accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin If discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or

sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions, use gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should be

Page 3 of 7 May 2023

Roofspec Taking care of detail

Weathered Membrane Cleaner Safety Data Sheet

checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge and a particulate filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance hydrocarbon odour clear liquid

Odour solvent odour **Odour Threshold** no data Ha no data Freezing/melting point no data 118-150°C **Boiling Point** 18°C **Flashpoint**

Flammability flammable liquid Upper & lower flammable limits LEL: 0.9%, UEL 7%

Vapour pressure 11.5mmHg Vapour density no data Specific gravity/density 0.74-0.76

Solubility negligible in water

Partition coefficient no data **Auto-ignition temperature** 320°C Decomposition temperature no data **Viscosity** no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers should

be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups Acids and bases and strong oxidisers.

Substance Specific none known Incompatibility Hazardous decomposition Oxides of carbon. products

Hazardous reactions none known

11. **Toxicological Information**

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: if large quantities are swallowed: symptoms include nausea and vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: repeated and prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis due to degreasing properties of the solvent.

IF INHALED: vapours may cause dizziness and drowsiness. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, headaches, dizziness, tiredness and incoordination and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Solvent Naphtha possesses low acute toxicity for mammals, with LD50's>5000mg/kg. **Aspiration**

This mixture is considered an aspiration hazard. If solvent naphtha is taken into the

mouth, it would be aspirated into the lungs and might then cause pneumonitis.

Dermal No evidence of acute dermal toxicity.

Inhaled Using LC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is

>20mg/L. Data considered includes: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. >20mg/L

(estimated)



Eve The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant.

Skin The mixture is considered to be a mild skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated skin exposure

over a long period of time can result in severe irritant dermatitis.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity This hydrocarbon solvent is considered carcinogenic by some agencies (based on possible aromatic hydrocarbon concentration), however white spirits is not listed by IARC

and not classified by EPA as carcinogenic. Some hydrocarbon solvents are considered carcinogenic - particularly those that contain aromatic compounds (benzene, ethyl

benzene).

Reproductive / Developmental **Systemic**

Some components, e.g., xylene, have been shown to cause foetal toxicity in animals at

doses which are maternally toxic. Not expected to impair fertility.

Aggravation of None known. existing conditions

No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Ecological Data 12

Summary

This mixture may be toxic towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effects.

Supporting Data

Using EC50's for ingredients, the calculated EC50 for the mixture is between 1 mg/L and Aquatic

10 mg/L. Data considered includes: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. no data

(see other hydrocarbons).

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of ecotoxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

13. **Disposal Considerations**

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

> (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is renedered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport. PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263 Proper shipping name:

Class(es) Packing group: Flammable liquid Precautions: Hazchem code: 3YE

Ecotoxic.

1263

IMDG

UN number:

Class(es)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Packing group:

Precautions: Flammable liquid **EmS** F-E, S-E

Ecotoxic.

IATA

UN number: 1263 Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Packing group: Class(es) Ш

Precautions: Flammable liquid

Ecotoxic.

Page 5 of 7 May 2023



15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002528, Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 1000L is stored.

Certified handler Required if > not required is handled or stored.

Tracking This substance is required to be tracked if > not required is present.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored.

Signage Required if > 250L is stored in any one location.

Location compliance certificate Required if > 100L (containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use) is stored in

any one location.

Flammable zone Must be established if > 100L (closed containers), 25L (decanting), 5L (open

occasionally), 1L (in use), stored in any one location is stored in any one location.

Fire extinguisher If > 250L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code Approval HSR002528, Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 Controls,

EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RESystem Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)
Upper Explosive Limit
United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a

Page 6 of 7 May 2023

UN Number

UEL



week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

DateReason for reviewJuly 2018Not applicable – new SDSMay 20235 yearly update, HSNO to GHS 7

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

